CALCIUM

CA 0305 CH	6 x 50 ml
CA 0405 CH	4 x 100 ml
CA 0505 CH	4 x 125 ml

INTENDED USE

Reagent for quantitative in vitro determination of calcium in biological fluids.

SUMMARY OF TEST

In human body, circulating calcium is used for several functions, in skeletal methabolism as well as in neuromuscular function and in hemostasis

PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD

o-cresolphtalein complexone combines with calcium at alkaline pH to form a red-violet complex, the absorbance of which is measured at 575 nm. The reaction has high specificity and interference from magnesium is avoided, due to selective complexing agent.

KIT COMPONENTS

For in vitro diagnostic use only.

The components of the kit are stable until expiration date on the label at 15-25°C

Keep away from direct light sources.

CAR1 0305: 3 x 50 ml (liquid) blue cap 0405: 2 x 100 ml (liquid) blue cap

0505: 2 x 125 ml (liquid) blue cap

Composition: AMP buffer 1 M pH 11.00, surfactant.

0305: 3 x 50 ml (liquid) red cap CAR2 0405: 2 x 100 ml (liquid) red cap

0505: 2 x 125 ml (liquid) red cap

Composition: CPC 0.14 mM, 8-quinolinol 26 mM, HCl pH

Standard: calcium solution 10 mg/dl - 5 ml

Store all components at 15-25°C.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

Current laboratory instrumentation. Spectrophotometer UV/VIS with thermostatic cuvette holder. Automatic micropipettes. Glass or high quality polystyrene cuvettes. Saline solution

REAGENT PREPARATION

Mix equal quantities of both reagents R1 and R2. Stability of working reagent: 14 days at 2-8°C and 7 days at room temperature, well closed.

Stability of unopened vials: up to expiration date on labels at 15-25°C.

Stability since first opening of vials: preferably within 60 days at 15-25°C.

PRECAUTIONS

CA R1: Warning. Causes serious eye irritation

(H319). Causes skin irritation (H315). Wear protective gloves. Eye protection (P280). IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water (P302+P352). IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for

several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing (P305+P351+P338). If eye irritation persists: get medical advice (P337+P313).

CA R2: It is not classified as hazardous.

Standard: It is not classified as hazardous.

SPECIMEN

Serum (preferred), heparin plasma. Urine. Do not use citrate, oxalate and EDTA as anticoagulant.

Total calcium is stable 7 days at 2-8°C and for several months when frozen at -20°C.

Urine specimens should be collected in 20 to 30 ml of HCl 6M per 24/h specimen (1-2 ml for random urine) in order to prevent calcium salt precipitation.

Dilute sample urine 1:2 with redistilled water and multiply results by two.

TEST PROCEDURE

Wavelenght: 575 nm (allowed 570 ÷ 580 nm) Lightpath: 1 cm 25, 30 or 37°C

blank standard dispense: sample 3 ml 3 ml 3 ml reagent water 50 μl standard 50 μl sample 50 μl

Mix_incubate at 25_30 or 37°C for 2 minutes. Read absorbances of standard (As) and samples (Ax) against reagent blank.

RESULTS CALCULATION

serum/plasma sample:

calcium mg/dl = Ax/As x 10 (standard value)

urine sample:

Temperature:

calcium mg/dl = Ax/As x 10 x 2 (standard value and dilution

24 hours urine sample:

calcium mg/24h = Ax/As x 10 x 2 x urine volume (standard value, dilution factor and diuresis in decilitres)

EXPECTED VALUES

serum/plasma: 8.6 - 10.3 mg/dl (2.15 - 2.57 mmol/l) up to 300 mg/24h (7.49 mmol/24h) urine (men): urine (women): up to 250 mg/24h (6.24 mmol/24h)

Each laboratory should establish appropriate reference intervals related to its population.

QUALITY CONTROL AND CALIBRATION

It is suggested to perform an internal quality control. For this purpose the following human based control sera are available:

QUANTINORM CHEMA

with normal or close to normal control values

QUANTIPATH CHEMA

with pathological control values.

If required, a multiparametric, human based calibrator is available:

AUTOCAL H

Please contact Customer Care for further information.

TEST PERFORMANCE

Linearity

the method is linear up to 20 mg/dl.

If the limit value is exceeded, it is suggested to dilute sample 1+9 with distilled water and to repeat the test, multiplying the result by 10.

Sensitivity/limit of detection (LOD)

the limit of detection is 0.1 ma/dl.

Interferences

no interference was observed by the presence of:

≤ 350 mg/dl hemoalobin bilirubin ≤ 40 mg/dl lipids < 400 ma/dl

Precision

intra-assay (n=10)	mean (mg/dl)	SD (mg/dl)	CV%
sample 1	8.99	0.08	0.90
sample 2	14.50	0.18	1.20
•			
inter-assay (n=20)	mean (mg/dl)	SD (mg/dl)	CV%
sample 1	8.96	0.21	2.40
sample 2	14.72	0.27	1.80

Methods comparison

a comparison between Chema and a commercially available product gave the following results:

> Calcium Chema = x Calcium competitor = y n = 96

y = 0.95x + 0.158 mg/dl $r^2 = 0.957$

WASTE DISPOSAL

This product is made to be used in professional labora-

P501: Dispose of contents according to national/international regulations.

REFERENCES

Zak B., Epstein E., Babinski E.S., Review of Calcium Methodologies, Annals of Clinical and Laboratory Science 5, 195-212 (1975).

Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry, Second Edition, Burtis-Ashwood (1994)

MANUFACTURER

Chema Diagnostica

Via Campania 2/4

Monsano (AN) - ITALY - EU 60030 phone +39 0731 605064 fax +39 0731 605672

e-mail: mail@chema.com website: http://www.chema.com

SYMBOLS

in vitro diagnostic medical device

LOT batch code

IVD

REF catalogue number ¥ temperature limit

2 use-by date ⚠ caution

 \prod i consult instructions for use

